

Todd M. Friedman (SBN 216752)
Adrian R. Bacon (SBN 280332)
Meghan E. George (SBN 274525)
LAW OFFICES OF TODD M. FRIEDMAN, P.C.
21550 Oxnard St., Suite 780
Woodland Hills, CA 91367
Phone: 877-206-4741
Fax: 866-633-0228
tfriedman@toddflaw.com
abacon@toddflaw.com
mgeorge@toddflaw.com
Attorneys for Plaintiff

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

JACKIE WINTERS, individually and) Case No:
on behalf of all others similarly situated,) **CLASS ACTION**
Plaintiff,)
vs.) **COMPLAINT FOR VIOLATIONS**
PACIFIC BENEFICIAL MORTGAGE) **OF:**
COMPANY, INC., and DOES 1)
through 10, inclusive, and each of them,) 1. NEGLIGENT VIOLATIONS
Defendant.) OF THE TELEPHONE
) CONSUMER PROTECTION
) ACT [47 U.S.C. §227 *et seq.*]
) 2. WILLFUL VIOLATIONS
) OF THE TELEPHONE
) CONSUMER PROTECTION
) ACT [47 U.S.C. §227 *et seq.*]
)
) **DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL**
)
)
)
)
)
)

Plaintiff JACKIE WINTERS (“Plaintiff”), individually and on behalf of all others similarly situated, alleges the following upon information and belief based upon personal knowledge:

NATURE OF THE CASE

1. Plaintiff brings this action individually and on behalf of all others similarly situated seeking damages and any other available legal or equitable remedies resulting from the illegal actions of PACIFIC BENEFICIAL MORTGAGE COMPANY, INC. (“Defendant”), in negligently, knowingly, and/or willfully contacting Plaintiff on Plaintiff’s home telephone in violation of the Telephone Consumer Protection Act, *47. U.S.C. § 227 et seq.* (“TCPA”) and related regulations, specifically the National Do-Not-Call provisions, thereby invading Plaintiff’s privacy.

JURISDICTION & VENUE

2. Jurisdiction is proper under 28 U.S.C. § 1332(d)(2) because Plaintiff, a resident of California, seeks relief on behalf of a Class, which will result in at least one class member belonging to a different state than that of Defendant, a California company. Plaintiff also seeks up to \$1,500.00 in damages for each call in violation of the TCPA, which, when aggregated among a proposed class in the thousands, exceeds the \$5,000,000.00 threshold for federal court jurisdiction. Therefore, both diversity jurisdiction and the damages threshold under the Class Action Fairness Act of 2005 (“CAFA”) are present, and this Court has jurisdiction.

3. Venue is proper in the United States District Court for the Central District of California pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1391(b)(2) because Defendant does business within the State of California and Plaintiff resides within the County of Los Angeles.

PARTIES

4. Plaintiff, JACKIE WINTERS (“Plaintiff”), is a natural person residing in Canoga Park, California and is a “person” as defined by *47 U.S.C. § 153 (39)*.

5. Defendant, PACIFIC BENEFICIAL MORTGAGE COMPANY, INC. (“Defendant”) is a nationwide loan company, and is a “person” as defined by

47 U.S.C. § 153 (39).

6. The above named Defendant, and its subsidiaries and agents, are collectively referred to as "Defendants." The true names and capacities of the Defendants sued herein as DOE DEFENDANTS 1 through 10, inclusive, are currently unknown to Plaintiff, who therefore sues such Defendants by fictitious names. Each of the Defendants designated herein as a DOE is legally responsible for the unlawful acts alleged herein. Plaintiff will seek leave of Court to amend the Complaint to reflect the true names and capacities of the DOE Defendants when such identities become known.

7. Plaintiff is informed and believes that at all relevant times, each and every Defendant was acting as an agent and/or employee of each of the other Defendants and was acting within the course and scope of said agency and/or employment with the full knowledge and consent of each of the other Defendants. Plaintiff is informed and believes that each of the acts and/or omissions complained of herein was made known to, and ratified by, each of the other Defendants.

FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS

8. Beginning in or around November 2015, Defendant contacted Plaintiff on Plaintiff's home telephone number ending in -5544, in an attempt to solicit Plaintiff to purchase Defendant's services.

9. Plaintiff's home telephone number ending in -5544 was added to the National Do-Not-Call Registry on or about July 2, 2003.

10. Defendant contacted or attempted to contact Plaintiff from telephone numbers including, but not necessarily limited to, (949) 266-1760.

11. Defendant's calls constituted calls that were not for emergency purposes as defined by *47 U.S.C. § 227(b)(1)(A)*.

12. Such calls constitute solicitation calls pursuant to 47 C.F.R. § 64.1200(c)(2), as they were an attempt to promote or sell Defendant's services.

13. Plaintiff has received numerous solicitation calls from Defendant

1 within a 12-month period.

2 14. Plaintiff did not have an established business relationship with
3 Defendant during the time of the solicitation calls from Defendant.

4 15. Plaintiff did not give Defendant prior express written consent for
5 Defendant to call Plaintiff's home telephone for marketing or solicitation purposes.

6 16. Plaintiff requested for Defendant to stop calling Plaintiff during one
7 of the initial calls from Defendant, thus revoking any prior express consent that had
8 existed and terminating any established business relationship that had existed, as
9 defined under 16 C.F.R. 310.4(b)(iii)(B).

10 17. Plaintiff's request for Defendant to stop calling Plaintiff terminated
11 any established business relationship that may have existed between Plaintiff and
12 Defendant pursuant to 47 CFR § 64.1200(f)(5)(i).

13 18. Despite this, Defendant continued to call Plaintiff in an attempt to
14 solicit its services and in violation of the National Do-Not-Call provisions of the
15 TCPA thus repeatedly violating Plaintiff's privacy.

16 19. Upon information and belief, at all relevant times, Defendant failed to
17 establish and implement reasonable practices and procedures to effectively prevent
18 telephone solicitations in violation of the regulations prescribed under 47 U.S.C. §
19 227(c)(5).

20 **CLASS ALLEGATIONS**

21 20. The class concerning the National Do-Not-Call violation (hereafter
22 "The DNC Class") is defined as follows:

23 All persons within the United States registered on the National
24 Do-Not-Call Registry for at least 30 days, who had not granted
25 Defendant prior express consent nor had a prior established
26 business relationship, who received more than one call made by
27 or on behalf of Defendant that promoted Defendant's products
28 or services, within any twelve-month period, within four years
prior to the filing of the complaint.

1 21. The class concerning the National Do-Not-Call violation following
2 revocation of consent and prior business relationship, to the extent they existed
3 (hereafter “The DNC Revocation Class”) is defined as follows:

4 All persons within the United States registered on the National
5 Do-Not-Call Registry for at least 30 days, who received more
6 than one call made by or on behalf of Defendant that promoted
7 Defendant’s products or services, after having revoked consent
8 and any prior established business relationship, within any
9 twelve-month period, within four years prior to the filing of the
complaint.

10 22. Plaintiff represents, and is a member of, The DNC Class, consisting
11 of all persons within the United States registered on the National Do-Not-Call
12 Registry for at least 30 days, who had not granted Defendant prior express consent
13 nor had a prior established business relationship, who received more than one call
14 made by or on behalf of Defendant that promoted Defendant’s products or services,
15 within any twelve-month period, within four years prior to the filing of the
16 complaint.

17 23. Plaintiff represents, and is a member of, The DNC Revocation Class,
18 consisting of all persons within the United States registered on the National Do-
19 Not-Call Registry for at least 30 days, who received more than one call made by or
20 on behalf of Defendant that promoted Defendant’s products or services, after
21 having revoked consent and any prior established business relationship, within any
22 twelve-month period, within four years prior to the filing of the complaint.

23 24. Defendant, its employees and agents are excluded from The Classes.
24 Plaintiff does not know the number of members in The Classes, but believes the
25 Classes members number in the thousands, if not more. Thus, this matter should
26 be certified as a Class Action to assist in the expeditious litigation of the matter.

27 25. The Classes are so numerous that the individual joinder of all of its
28 members is impractical. While the exact number and identities of The Classes

1 members are unknown to Plaintiff at this time and can only be ascertained through
2 appropriate discovery, Plaintiff is informed and believes and thereon alleges that
3 The Classes includes thousands of members. Plaintiff alleges that The Classes
4 members may be ascertained by the records maintained by Defendant.

5 26. Plaintiff and members of The DNC Class and DNC Revocation Class
6 were harmed by the acts of Defendant in at least the following ways: Defendant
7 illegally contacted Plaintiff and DNC Class and DNC Revocation Class members
8 via their telephones for solicitation purposes, thereby invading the privacy of said
9 Plaintiff and the DNC Class and DNC Revocation Class members whose telephone
10 numbers were on the National Do-Not-Call Registry. Plaintiff and the DNC Class
11 and DNC Revocation Class members were damaged thereby.

12 27. Common questions of fact and law exist as to all members of The
13 DNC Class which predominate over any questions affecting only individual
14 members of The DNC Class. These common legal and factual questions, which do
15 not vary between DNC Class members, and which may be determined without
16 reference to the individual circumstances of any DNC Class members, include, but
17 are not limited to, the following:

- 18 a. Whether, within the four years prior to the filing of this
19 Complaint, Defendant or its agents placed more than one
20 solicitation call to the members of the DNC Class whose
21 telephone numbers were on the National Do-Not-Call Registry
22 and who had not granted prior express consent to Defendant and
23 did not have an established business relationship with
24 Defendant;
- 25 b. Whether Defendant obtained prior express written consent to
26 place solicitation calls to Plaintiff or the DNC Class members'
27 telephones;
- 28 c. Whether Plaintiff and the DNC Class member were damaged

thereby, and the extent of damages for such violation; and

d. Whether Defendant and its agents should be enjoined from engaging in such conduct in the future.

28. As a person that received numerous solicitation calls from Defendant within a 12-month period, who had not granted Defendant prior express consent and did not have an established business relationship with Defendant, Plaintiff is asserting claims that are typical of the DNC Class.

29. Common questions of fact and law exist as to all members of The DNC Class which predominate over any questions affecting only individual members of The DNC Revocation Class. These common legal and factual questions, which do not vary between DNC Revocation Class members, and which may be determined without reference to the individual circumstances of any DNC Revocation Class members, include, but are not limited to, the following:

a. Whether, within the four years prior to the filing of this Complaint, Defendant or its agents placed more than one solicitation call to the members of the DNC Class whose telephone numbers were on the National Do-Not-Call Registry and who had revoked any prior express consent and any established business relationship with Defendant;

b. Whether Plaintiff and the DNC Class member were damaged thereby, and the extent of damages for such violation; and

c. Whether Defendant and its agents should be enjoined from engaging in such conduct in the future.

30. As a person that received numerous solicitation calls from Defendant within a 12-month period, who, to the extent one existed, had revoked any prior express consent and any established business relationship with Defendant, Plaintiff is asserting claims that are typical of the DNC Revocation Class.

31. Plaintiff will fairly and adequately protect the interests of the members

of The Classes. Plaintiff has retained attorneys experienced in the prosecution of class actions.

32. A class action is superior to other available methods of fair and efficient adjudication of this controversy, since individual litigation of the claims of all Classes members is impracticable. Even if every Classes member could afford individual litigation, the court system could not. It would be unduly burdensome to the courts in which individual litigation of numerous issues would proceed. Individualized litigation would also present the potential for varying, inconsistent, or contradictory judgments and would magnify the delay and expense to all parties and to the court system resulting from multiple trials of the same complex factual issues. By contrast, the conduct of this action as a class action presents fewer management difficulties, conserves the resources of the parties and of the court system, and protects the rights of each Classes member.

33. The prosecution of separate actions by individual Classes members would create a risk of adjudications with respect to them that would, as a practical matter, be dispositive of the interests of the other Classes members not parties to such adjudications or that would substantially impair or impede the ability of such non-party Class members to protect their interests.

34. Defendant has acted or refused to act in respects generally applicable to The Classes, thereby making appropriate final and injunctive relief with regard to the members of the Classes as a whole.

FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION

Negligent Violations of the Telephone Consumer Protection Act

47 U.S.C. §227(c)

On Behalf of the DNC Class and the DNC Revocation Class

35. Plaintiff repeats and incorporates by reference into this cause of action the allegations set forth above at Paragraphs 1-34.

36. The foregoing acts and omissions of Defendant constitute numerous

1 and multiple negligent violations of the TCPA, including but not limited to each
2 and every one of the above cited provisions of *47 U.S.C. § 227(c)*, and in particular
3 *47 U.S.C. § 227 (c)(5)*.

4 37. As a result of Defendant's negligent violations of *47 U.S.C. § 227(c)*,
5 Plaintiff and the DNC Class and DNC Revocation Class Members are entitled an
6 award of \$500.00 in statutory damages, for each and every violation, pursuant to
7 *47 U.S.C. § 227(c)(5)(B)*.

8 38. Plaintiff and the DNC Class and DNC Revocation Class members are
9 also entitled to and seek injunctive relief prohibiting such conduct in the future.

10 **SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION**

11 **Knowing and/or Willful Violations of the Telephone Consumer Protection
12 Act**

13 **47 U.S.C. §227 et seq.**

14 **On Behalf of the DNC Class and DNC Revocation Class**

15 39. Plaintiff repeats and incorporates by reference into this cause of action
16 the allegations set forth above at Paragraphs 1-34.

17 40. The foregoing acts and omissions of Defendant constitute numerous
18 and multiple knowing and/or willful violations of the TCPA, including but not
19 limited to each and every one of the above cited provisions of *47 U.S.C. § 227(c)*,
20 in particular *47 U.S.C. § 227 (c)(5)*.

21 41. As a result of Defendant's knowing and/or willful violations of *47*
22 *U.S.C. § 227(c)*, Plaintiff and the DNC Class and DNC Revocation Class members
23 are entitled an award of \$1,500.00 in statutory damages, for each and every
24 violation, pursuant to *47 U.S.C. § 227(c)(5)*.

25 42. Plaintiff and the DNC Class and DNC Revocation Class members are
26 also entitled to and seek injunctive relief prohibiting such conduct in the future.

27 **PRAYER FOR RELIEF**

28 WHEREFORE, Plaintiff requests judgment against Defendant for the following:

FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION

Negligent Violations of the Telephone Consumer Protection Act

47 U.S.C. §227(c)

- As a result of Defendant's negligent violations of *47 U.S.C. §227(c)(5)*, Plaintiff and the DNC Class and DNC Revocation Class members are entitled to and request \$500 in statutory damages, for each and every violation, pursuant to *47 U.S.C. 227(c)(5)*.
- Any and all other relief that the Court deems just and proper.

SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION

Knowing and/or Willful Violations of the Telephone Consumer Protection

Act

47 U.S.C. §227(c)

- As a result of Defendant's willful and/or knowing violations of 47 U.S.C. §227(c)(5), Plaintiff and the DNC Class and DNC Revocation Class members are entitled to and request treble damages, as provided by statute, up to \$1,500, for each and every violation, pursuant to 47 U.S.C. §227(c)(5).
- Any and all other relief that the Court deems just and proper.

43. Pursuant to the Seventh Amendment to the Constitution of the United States of America, Plaintiff is entitled to, and demands, a trial by jury.

Respectfully Submitted this 27th Day of February, 2017.

LAW OFFICES OF TODD M. FRIEDMAN, P.C.

By: /s/ Todd M. Friedman
Todd M. Friedman
Law Offices of Todd M.
Attorney for Plaintiff